

Number Relationships: Sample Formative Assessment for Early Intervention

(Adapted from 4 Relationships that Increase Students' Number Sense, Tondevold, 2015)

1. Spatial Relationships

(recognising how many without counting/seeing a visual pattern)

Task:	Possible Responses:	Comments:
1. When asked to represent 4 using their fingers, the pupil produces 4 fingers without having to count them.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil does not show 4 fingers Level 2: Pupil puts one finger up at a time saying "1, 2,3,4" and shows 4 Level 3: Pupil puts all four fingers up at once without having to count individually 	
2. When shown the familiar dice dot patterns for 1 through 6, the pupil instantly tells how many without having to count each individual dot.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil does not give accurate response Level 2: Pupil counts each dot one by one to get the answer. Level 3: Pupil instantly recognises the amount without counting and says the correct number within 3 seconds. 	
3. When shown a number using for 3 seconds, the pupil can reproduce the same number with counters, their fingers, dot stickers, or other manipulative.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil cannot produce the same number Level 2: Pupil shows the same number but does not position them the same. Level 3: Pupil puts their cubes in the same exact position as the dots. 	
4. When asked to represent 8 using their fingers, the pupil produces 8 fingers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil does not show 8 fingers Level 2: Pupil puts one finger up at a time saying "1,2,3,4" until they have 8. Level 3: Pupil puts up all five on one hand without counting, but then counts 6,7,8 on the other hand. Level 4: Pupil puts all 8 fingers up at once without having to count any. 	
5. When shown a dot pattern card containing a number larger than 6, the pupil can determine the number without having to count each individual dot/item.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil does not give the correct number. Level 2: Pupil counts each dot/item one by one to get the correct answer. Level 3: Pupil recognises one of the groups and counts on from that. Level 4: Pupil instantly recognises the amount without counting and says the correct number within 3 seconds. 	

2. One and Two More, One and Two Less

(knowing which numbers are one and two less or more than any given number)

Task :	Possible responses:	Comments:
1. When shown a numeral like 7, the pupil is asked "What number is one more than this?" If they can do this, choose another number and ask what is 2 more?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil gives the incorrect number (try with a smaller number) Level 2: Pupil can give the correct answer for +1 Level 3: Pupil gives correct answer for +1 but has to count for + 2 Level 4: Pupil can give the correct answer for +1 and + 2 Level 5: Pupil can give the correct answer when presented with a numeral in the teens. 	
2. Ask the pupil to count out 5 cubes. Add one more cube to the pile. Ask how many are there? If they can do this without counting, add 2.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil answers incorrectly Level 2: Pupil gives the correct answer but has to recount all the cubes. Level 3: Pupil knows how many when you add one without having to recount. Level 4: Pupil knows how many when you add one, but recounts when you add two. Level 5: Pupil knows how many when one or two are added. 	
3. When shown a numeral, like 6 and asked "What number is one less than this number? the pupil answers correctly. If the pupil can do this use another number and ask what number is two less.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1: Pupil will give an incorrect answer (try a smaller numeral). Level 2: Pupil can give a correct answer for -1 Level 3: Pupil can give correct answer for -1 and -2 Level 4: Pupil can give correct answer when presented with a numeral in the teens 	

4. Ask the pupil to count out 9 cubes. Take one away and ask how many cubes the pupil has now. Does the pupil know there are 8 without counting them? If the pupil can do this ask a similar question but take 2 away.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: Pupil answers correctly. • Level 2: Pupil gives the correct number of cubes but has to recount all the cubes. • Level 3: Pupil knows how many when you remove one without having to recount. • Level 4: Pupil knows how many when you remove one, but recounts when you remove two. • Level 5: Pupil knows how many when one or two are removed. 	
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3. Friendly Numbers

(10 has the important role in the number system (2 fives make 10), pupils should know numbers relate to 5&10)

Task:	Possible Responses:	Comments:
1. Give the pupil a rekenrek. Ask the pupil to show you 7 beads. Watch to see how the pupil counts out the 7.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: cannot count 7 beads • Level 2: counts the 7 beads one-by-one • Level 3: uses 5 beads and 2 more • Level 4: counts three beads to leave and pushes over the rest. 	
2. Count out 6 cubes and ask the pupil how many more cubes are needed to make 10.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: Pupil cannot do the task • Level 2: Pupil adds cubes one-by-one to get to 10, then counts how many they added. • Level 3: Pupil adds groups to get to ten (add 2, then 2) • Level 4: Pupil just knows you needed to add 4 	
3. Count out 17 cubes and ask the pupil how many cubes you would need to take away to make 10.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: Pupil cannot do the task • Level 2: Pupil takes away cubes one-by-one to get to 10, then counts how many they took away or pupil might count on from 10. • Level 3: Pupil takes away groups to get to ten (take away 5, then 2) • Level 4: Pupil just knows you need to take away 7 	
4. Ask the pupil to count out 12 cubes and write the number on paper. Then ask the pupil to show you with the cubes what the 2 (point to it) and the 1 means with the cubes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: Pupil cannot show the 2 numbers with the cubes • Level 2: Pupil shows 2 cubes for "2" and 1 cube for the "1" • Level 3: does level 2, but when asked about the remaining 9 cubes, the pupil figures out those go with the 1 to make a 10 • Level 4: Pupil shows the 2 cubes and the ten that represent the 1. 	

4. Part-Part- Whole

(seeing a number as being made up of two or more parts)

Task:	Possible Responses:	Comments:
1. Count out 7 cubes, separate into two groups (like a 3 and 4). Does the pupil know there are still 7 cubes?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: pupil believes there is not 7 cubes • Level 2: pupil has to count them to determine if there are still 7 • Level 3: Pupil knows that even though you moved some of them, there are still 7 	
2. Count out 8 cubes. Put some cubes in a cup so the child cannot see them. The child can see how many are still left, ask the pupil how many you put in the cup.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: Pupil cannot determine the amount hid in the cup. (try a smaller number like 4, and see if the pupil can determine how many you hide.) • Level 2: Pupil counts one-by-one to figure out how many you hid. • Level 3: child can tell you within 3 seconds how many you hid. 	
3. Using one of the dot pattern cards, cover some of the dots with a post-it note. Tell the child how many dots are on the entire card, but some are covered by the post-it. Can the child determine the number of hidden dots?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Level 1: Pupil does not give an accurate answer. • Level 2: Pupil counts one-by-one to figure out how many dots are hiding under the post-it. • Level 3: Pupil can tell you within 3 seconds how many dots are hiding under the post-it. 	